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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/671,250	09/25/2003	Craig William Fellenstein	AUS920030536US1	8160
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Biggers & Ohanian, PLLC			CHANG, WEI H	
Suite 970 504 Lavaca		· ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Austin, TX 78	3701		2645	
			DATE MAILED: 11/3 0 /2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/671,250	FELLENSTEIN ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Wei H. Chang	2645			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 September 2003</u> .					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 February 2004</u> is/are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachmen	t(s)					
2) Notice Notice (3) Inform	te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 9/25/2003.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 1. Claims 7, 14, &20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Whittaker et al. (EP1109390 published 2001-06-20).

To claims 7, 14, &20: Whittaker teaches a voicemail method (Fig.2, #30). His voicemail processor comprising: (a) storing a converted voicemail text with the associated message (transcribed voice messages, col.3, line 54 with Fig.3, #84), (b) receiving search keywords (pa.0034 with Fig.4), and (c) selecting voicemail messages in dependence on the selected keywords (pa.0035 with Fig.5).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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2. Claims 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, &16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morganstein et al. (US 5,901,203 published May 4, 1999) in view of Wilcox et al. (US 6,404,856 published Jun. 11, 2002).

To claims 1, 8, &15: Morganstein teaches a caller identification system (col.7, lines 9-12 with Fig.2) comprising: (a) storing a caller voiceprint (record the caller utterance, col.11, lines 1-2) in associated with the caller (utterance in caller record, col.9, lines 20-25 with Fig.3c) and (b) identifying a caller (col.11, lines 29-33).

Morganstein does not teach: (c) storing speech tags, (d) receiving search keywords, and (e) selecting voicemail messages.

However, Wilcox teaches an audio data annotating and indexing system (Fig.1) comprising: (c) storing user speech tags (user attaches audio data with properties, audio data, col.4, lines 19-25 & col.5, lines 5-12; as well as keywords, col.6, lines 7-8), (d) receiving search keywords (col.6, lines 39-41 with Fig.4), and (e) selecting voicemail messages (col.6, lines 54-59 with Fig.5).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art, to modify Morganstein by Wilcox to tag voice messages, to provide the user a feature of keyword search by text (indexing audio data for retrieval, Wilcox, col.2, lines 38-41)

To claims 2, 9, &16:Morganstein, modified and applied as above to claims 1, 8, &15, further teaches prompting the caller for his voiceprint (col.10, lines 50-55 with Fig. 4a, #210 & 212).

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3. Claims 3, 10, &17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morganstein et al. (US 5,901,203 published May 4, 1999) in view of Wilcox et al. (US 6,404,856 published Jun. 11, 2002), and further in view of Whittaker et al. (EP1109390 published 2001-06-20).

To claims 3, 10, & 17: Morganstein, modified and applied as above to claims 1.

8, &15, does not teach extracting voiceprints from caller voice messages.

However, Whittaker teaches extracting voiceprints from caller messages (entry extraction, col.3, lines 48-49 with Fig.3, blk.80).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art, to further modify Morganstein by Whittaker to extract voiceprints from caller voice messages, to automatically obtain the needed information (Whittaker, col.1, lines 54-56) while the user is absent.

4. Claims 4, 11, &18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morganstein et al. (US 5,901,203 published May 4, 1999) in view of Wilcox et al. (US 6,404,856 published Jun. 11, 2002), and further in view of Trandal et al. (US 6,088,428 published Jul. 11, 2000).

To claims 4, 11, &18: Mortganstein, modified and applied as above to claims 1,

8, & 15, does not teach prompting the user for speech tag.

However, Trandal teaches prompting the user for his input (col.9, lines 24-26 & 31-33 with Fig.2, blks.200 & 222).

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It would have been at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art, to further modify Mortganstein by Trandal to prompt the user, to conduct an interactive dialogue in acquiring needed input (Trandal, col.9, lines 1-3).

5. Claims 5 &12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morganstein et al. (US 5,901,203 published May 4, 1999) in view of Wilcox et al. (US 6,404,856 published Jun. 11, 2002), further in view of Trandal et al. (US 6,088,428 published Jul. 11, 2000), and further in view of Whittaker et al. (EP1109390 published 2001-06-20).

To claims 5 & 12: Morganstein, modified and applied as above to claims 4 & 11, does not teach converting the accepted user speech tag into text.

However, Whittaker teaches translating the accepted user speech into text (transcribed audio into text, Fig.3, blk.90)

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art, to further modify Morganstein by Whittaker to convert the received speech tag into text, to provide a user-friendly hands-free input method (Trandal, col.4, lines 21-25)

6. Claims 6, 13, &19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Whittaker et al. (EP1109390 published 2001-06-20) in view of Wilcox et al. (US 6,404,856 published Jun. 11, 2002).

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To claims 6, 13, &19: Whittaker, applied as above to claims 7,14, &20, further teaches storing a caller ID (entity extraction; col.4, lines10-12 with Fig.4, #210) with a desired voicemail message,

Whittaker does not teach identifying callers with caller ID's.

However, Wilcox teaches identifying callers with caller ID's (col.5, lines 28-35).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art, to modify Whittaker by Wilcox to identify callers by caller ID's, to allow the user to use the inherent design feature of a caller ID.

Conclusion.

7. The prior arts made of record and not relied upon are considered pertinent to application disclosure:

Morganstein et al. (US 5940476 A, US 6445775 B1, & US 6456698 B1) disclose a system and method for identifying an unidentified caller.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wei H. Chang whose telephone number is (703)-305-0567. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 to 18:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan S. Tsang can be reached on (703)-305-4895. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-

872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the

Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Wei H. Chang November 9th, 2004

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